

RESEARCHES ON FURANS

XLVI. Furethylation of Primary Amines*

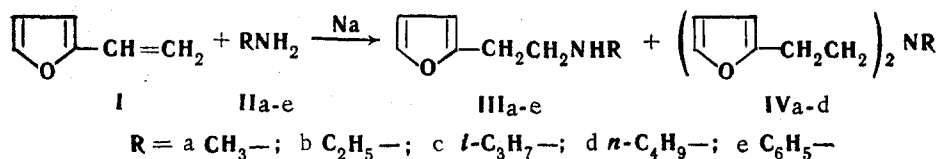
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Reaction of 2-vinylfuran with primary amines gives mono- and di- [β-(2-furyl) amines, along with nitrogen compounds of undetermined structure.

We previously showed that it was possible to furylethylate secondary amines with 2-vinylfuran in the presence of sodium metal, high yields of [β-(2-furyl) ethyl] dialkylamines being obtained [1].

The present paper studies the reaction of 2-vinylfuran (I) with primary amines (methyl-, ethyl-, isopropyl-, and n-butylamine, also aniline) (IIa-e), and it is shown that the products are mixtures of secondary (IIIa-e) and tertiary (IVa-d) [β-(2-furyl) ethyl] amines:



The amines were isolated from the reaction products by careful fractional distillation, followed by column chromatography with alumina using benzene. The homogeneities of the amines obtained were proved by preparing crystalline derivatives, as well as by thin-layer chromatography on alumina.

The sole product of reaction of 2-vinylfuran with aniline is N-[β-(2-furyl) ethyl] aniline, obtained in high (85%) yield. Reaction of 2-vinylfuran with methylamine gives, in addition to secondary and tertiary amines (IIIa and IVa), high-boiling amines of undetermined structure, the analytical data corresponding to compounds formed by addition of 1 mole methylamine to 3 moles of vinylfuran. High-boiling amine is also formed in the reaction of 2-vinylfuran with isopropylamine. At present we are investigating the structures of these compounds.

Experimental

Reaction of 2-vinylfuran with methylamine. A mixture of 30 ml MeNH₂ (IIa), 10 ml dry ether, 1 g finely-sliced sodium was cooled to -15° C, stirred, and 5 g 2-vinylfuran (I) added dropwise. The reaction mixture turned dark-red. The cooling bath was removed, so that the products warmed up to room temperature, when they were left for 12 hr. 10 ml MeOH was added to destroy unchanged sodium, then 50 ml water was added, the mixture saturated with solid KOH, and extracted with ether. The extract was dried over KOH, the ether and unreacted 2-vinyl furan distilled off, when there was obtained 0.4 g (3%) methyl [β-(2-furyl) ethyl] amine (IIIa), bp 69-70° C (20 mm), n_D^{25} 1.4740 (the literature gives bp 69-70° C (20 mm), n_D^{26} 1.4720). The derivative formed with phenylisothiocyanate has mp 69° C (ex EtOH) (the literature gives mp 69-70° C). Further distillation gives 1.4 g (24%) methyldi [β-(2-furyl) ethyl]- amine (IVa), and 0.5 g high-boiling fraction (bp 169-170° C (3 mm)).

The other amines were reacted similarly, using mole ratios 2-vinylfuran: amine: Na = 2.5:5:1. Temperatures and reaction times were: ethylamine 20° C, 16 hr; isopropylamine 35° C, 2 hr; n-butylamine 80° C, 4 hr. When the heating of the reaction mixture was finished, the latter was kept at room temperature for 12 hr.

Tables 1 and 2 give the properties of the amines and their derivatives.

* For Part XLV see [3].



Alkyl (aryl)- [β - (2-furyl) ethyl] amines

Compound No.	R	Bp, ° C (pressure mm)	n_D^{20}	d_4^{20}	M_R		Formula	Found, %			Calculated, %			Yield, %
					Found	Calculated		C	H	N	C	H	N	
IIIb*	C ₂ H ₅	60 (7)	1.4700	0.9476	40.99	41.25	C ₈ H ₁₃ NO	69.04	9.51	9.81	69.03	9.41	10.06	19
Hydrochloride							C ₈ H ₁₄ ClNO	68.89	9.39	9.75	54.70	8.03		
Derivative with C ₆ H ₅ NCO							C ₁₅ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	54.63	7.97		69.74	7.02		
IIIc	i-C ₃ H ₇	62—63 (6)	1.4655	0.9240	45.85	45.86	C ₉ H ₁₅ NO	54.77	8.27		70.13	7.30		
Derivative with C ₆ H ₅ NCO							C ₁₆ H ₂₀ N ₂ O ₂	70.32	10.13	8.79	70.54	9.87	9.14	13
Methiodide**							C ₁₁ H ₂₀ JNO	70.30	10.26	8.70	70.56	7.40		
III d***	n-C ₄ H ₉	89 (6)	1.4670	0.9238	50.24	50.49	C ₁₀ H ₁₇ NO	70.84	7.56		42.81	6.68	4.53	
Hydrochloride							C ₁₀ H ₁₈ ClNO	70.69	7.52	4.69	42.73	6.52		
IIIe	C ₆ H ₅	123 (1)	1.5732	1.0788	57.13	56.13	C ₁₂ H ₁₃ NO	42.88	6.90	7.73	71.81	10.24	8.37	10
Derivative with C ₆ H ₅ NCO							C ₁₉ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	71.51	10.24	7.87	58.95	8.90		
							C ₁₉ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	71.52	10.41	7.87	76.98	7.00		85****
							C ₁₉ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	59.00	9.01		74.39	5.66	8.95	
							C ₁₉ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	74.47	5.85	8.81	74.49	5.92	9.14	

* Purified by recrystallizing the hydrochloride, followed by recovery of the base.

** Dimethylisopropyl [β - (2-furyl) ethyl] ammonium iodide.

*** Purified by chromatographing on an alumina column.

**** On the aniline reacted.

Alkylidene[β-(2-furyl) ethyl] amines



Compound No.	R	Bp, °C (pressure mm)	n_D^{20}	d_4^{20}	M_R		Mp, °C	Formula	Found, %			Calculated, %			Yield, %
					Found	Calculated			C	H	N	C	H	N	
IVa	CH ₃ *	122—123 (2—3)	1.5030	1.0373	62.49	63.19		C ₁₃ H ₁₇ NO ₂	70.89 70.99	7.75 7.76	6.07 6.09	71.20	7.81	6.38	24
Picrate							103.5	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ N ₄ O ₉	51.01	4.47	11.96 12.13	50.89	4.49	12.48	
Methiodide							110	C ₁₄ H ₂₀ INO ₂	46.45 46.49	5.55 5.41	4.55 4.26	46.55	5.58	3.88	
IVb	C ₂ H ₅ **	116—117 (2)	1.5015	1.0219	67.32	67.81		C ₁₄ H ₁₉ NO ₂	71.95 72.10	8.29 8.14	6.36 6.46	72.07	8.21	5.99	40
Picrate							114	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ N ₄ O ₉	52.01 51.99	4.90 4.97		51.95	4.80		
IVc	<i>i</i> -C ₃ H ₇ ***	114—115 (1)	1.4983	1.0149	71.48	72.43		C ₁₅ H ₂₁ NO ₂	72.41 72.26	8.79 8.74	5.93 6.02	72.85	8.56	5.66	24
Picrate							102	C ₂₁ H ₂₄ N ₄ O ₉			12.02 11.88			11.76	
IVd	<i>n</i> -C ₄ H ₉ **	140—142 (3)	1.5008	0.9832	78.17	77.04		C ₁₆ H ₂₃ NO ₂	73.12 73.11	9.51 9.29		73.52	8.87		38
Picrolonate							110	C ₂₆ H ₃₁ N ₅ O			13.45 13.61			13.32	

* In addition to IIIa and IVa, there was obtained a fraction bp 169°—170° C (3 mm), n_D^{20} 1.5182; d_4^{20} 1.0733. Found: C 72.81, 72.61; H 7.44, 7.41; N 4.15, 4.37%. Calculated for 3C₆H₅O + CH₃NH₂. C 72.82; H 7.39; N 4.47%.

** Purified by column chromatography on alumina.

*** In addition to IIc and IVc, there is obtained a fraction Vc, bp 147°—152° C (1 mm), mp 32.5° C (ex dry ether + heptane).

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